

ET-2712 RTD Calibrator ET-1712 RTD Calibrator Users Manual



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1 Basic Introduction

1.1 Function

- It allows you to measure voltage, resistance, and RTD.
- Outputs resistance, simulation of RTD.
- Manual stepping, automatic stepping, 0~100% phase step and ramp output.
- Support for PC communication

1.2 Summary of Source and Measure

Functions

Function	Measure	Source			
DC V	0∼30V	Not available			
Resistance	0~3200Ω	0~3200Ω			
RTD	Pt100, Pt1000, Cu50, Cu100	Pt100, Pt1000, Cu50, Cu100			
Others	Stepping output, ramp, phase step output, user-defined range				

1.3 Terminal Description

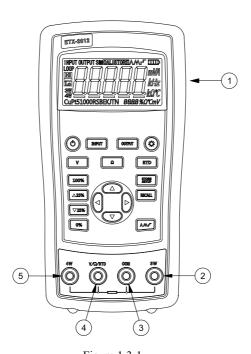


Figure 1.3-1

No.	Name	Description
1)	Communication and charging connector	Connect power adaptor to charge batteries or connect the calibrator to the computer.
2	3W and 4W terminal	Terminal used during 3-wire and 4-wire electric and thermal resistance measurement.
3	COM Public terminal	All measurement and output public terminal.
		Measurement of voltage and 2-wire resistance,
4	V, Ω, and RTD terminal	thermal-electric as well as resistance and
		thermal-resistance output terminal.
5	4W+ Slot	Resistance and thermal resistance 4-wire measurement terminal.

1.4 Key Description

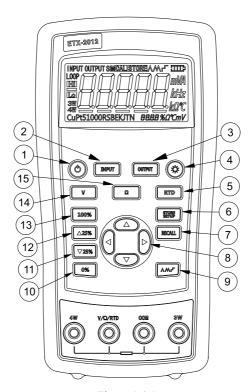


Figure 1.4-1

No.		Description		
1	(b)	Turns the power on or off		
2	INPUT	Selects the measurement mode		
3	OUTPUT SIM	Selects output and analog transmitter mode.		
4	*	Enables backlight switch display during start, enters backlight		
		brightness control mode.		
5	RTD	Selects thermal resistance mode		

6	STORE SETUP	Sets and saves calibrator parameters setting
7	RECALL	Recovers factory default setting
8		Sets manual output
9	٧٨٢	Cycles through:
		∧ slow repeating 0%-100%-0% ramp
		M Fast repeating 0 % - 100 % - 0 % ramp
		r Repeating 0 % - 100 % - 0 % ramp in 25 % steps
(10)	0%	Set output by 0% of span, Press and hold to store the source value
		as the 0 % value
(11)	▼ 25%	Decrements output by 25% of span.
(12)	▲ 25%	Increments output by 25% of span.
(13)	100%	Sets output by 100% of span, Press and hold to store the source
		value as the 100 % value.
(14)	V	Selects voltage mode
(15)	Ω	Selects resistance mode

1.5 Display Screen



Figure 1.5-1

2 Basic Operation

2.1 Measure and Source

This section acquaints you with some basic operations of ETX-2012/ ETX-1812. Proceed as follows:

1. The connection of the calibrator as shown in Figure 2.1-1.

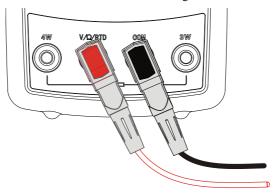


Figure 2.1-1

2. Press for more than 2 seconds to turn on the calibrator. The calibrator checks itself, including check on internal circuit and LCD, during which, LCD displays all contents for 1s, the interface is shown in Figure 2.1-2:



Figure 2.1-2

3. Then the type of product and automatic shutdown time will be displayed for 2 seconds as shown in Figure 2.1-3.



Figure 2.1-3

4. Press RTD and OUTPUT to switch to the thermal resistance output mode. The screen will display as shown in Figure 2.1-4.

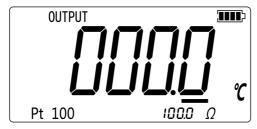


Figure 2.1-4

- 5. Press and to increase or decrease 1 of the horizontal line position (the number will be based on automatic stepping without change of horizontal line position); press or b to change the position of horizontal line.
- 6. Press 0% until the buzzer works to enter 0.0 °C as the 0% value.
- 7. Likewise, press \bigcirc to increase output value to be 100.0 °C, and then press \bigcirc until the buzzer works to enter 100.0 °C as 100% value.
- 8. Press ▲ 25% or ▼ 25% to make output increase or decrease within the range of 0% to 100% based on 25% advance amplitude. The screen will display as shown in Figure 2.1-5.

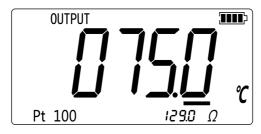


Figure 2.1-5

2.2 Shutdown Mode

The calibrator comes with the shutdown mode enabled for a time duration set to 30 minutes (displayed for about 2 seconds when the calibrator isinitially turned on). When the shutdown mode is enabled, the calibrator will automatically shutdown after the time duration has elapsed from the time the last key was pressed. To disable the shutdown mode, press and simultaneously. To enable the mode, press and simultaneously. To adjust the time duration, press and simultaneously, the screen will display as shown in Figure 2.2-1,then press and/or to adjust the time between 1 and 30 minutes and then press strong to store the new time duration (Without pressing any key for 5 seconds, the calibrator will quit from the adjustment automatically).



Figure 2.2-1

2.3 Backlight Brightness Adjustment

- 1. To adjust the brightness of backlight, proceed as follows:
- 2. Please press and simultaneously until the buzzer work, then the screen will display as shown in Figure 2.3-1:



Figure 2.3-1

- 3. Press and to adjust the brightness of backlight.
- 4. Press STORE to save brightness level, STORE will appear and then the calibrator will enter into the work mode(Without pressing key for 5 seconds, the calibrator will exit from the adjustment automatically).

3 Function Usage

3.1 DC V Measurement

The default function after turn on is DC V measurement. If it is required, press to re-select the voltage measurement (the display unit is V). Please connect the lines after all functions are selected. The connection mode and interface are shown in Figure 3.1-1:

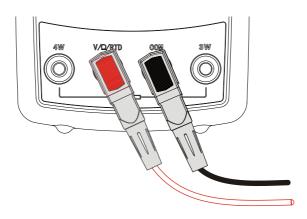


Figure 3.1-1

3.2 Resistance Measurement

Press \square to reselect the DC mV measurement function (Display unit is Ω)

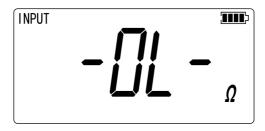
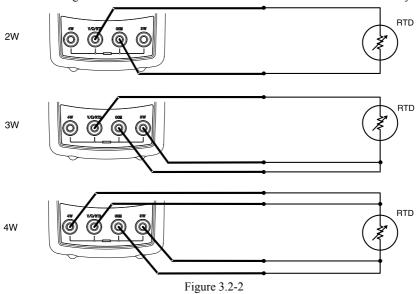


Figure 3.2-1

The Over Range under Open Circuit

Resistance measurement supports the connection type of two-wire system, three-wire system and four-wire system. The calibrator can be switched to three-wire system or four-wire system according to actual connecting type. The respective connecting types are listed in Figure 3.2-2: Press and to select the connection mode forcibly.



Press or to force the calibrator to adopt two-wire system, three-wire system or four-wire system. Afterwards, the calibrator will not detect connecting type automatically unless you quit the mode of resistance measurement and reenter.

3.3 Resistance Output

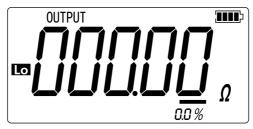


Figure 3.3-1

It indicates the undersize of exciting current, meanwhile, the main value flashes

Continuously press \Box to switch the resistance output range, 3200 Ω range is shown as below.

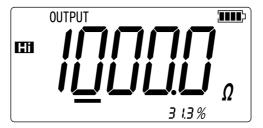


Figure 3.3-2

Hi It indicates the oversize of exciting current, meanwhile, the main value flashes

4 Using Resistance

Temperature Detector (RTD)

The calibrator accepts Pt100, Pt1000, Cu50 and Cu100, etc. RTD measurements of two-wire system, three-wire system or four-wire system are available to calibrator, among which the three-wire system is particularly applicable to the industrial worksite. A four-wire configuration provides the highest in accuracy and the two-wire system the lowest.

To measure temperature using an RTD input, proceed as follows:

- 1. Press INPUT to enter into INPUT mode.
- 2. Press RTD to indicate RTD reading. Then the screen will display as shown in Figure 4-1. If necessary, pressing RTD continuously to select RTD type.
- 3. If connection is based on three-wire system or four-wire system, the calibrator will switch to three-wire system or four-wire system according to your connecting type. Press or to force the calibrator not to execute automatic switching.
- 4. Connect RTD to the corresponding port according to the connecting type of 'resistance measurement'.



Figure 4-1

5 Application of Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD)

Connect the calibrator and the instrument to be tested according to the Figure 5-1. Simulation of RTD should be based on the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, press OUTPUT to select OUTPUT mode.
- 2. Press RTD to select RTD graduation.
- 3. Press or to select temperature. Press or to select digit.

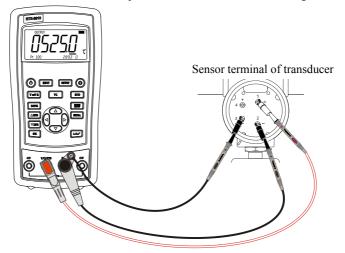


Figure 5-1

Note: Three-wire (3 W) and four-wire (4 W) terminals are just for measurement, not output simulation. The calibrator can simulate a two-wire RTD output in the front panel. To be connected to a three-wire or four-wire transducer, use folding cable to provide extra wiring.

6 Advanced Application

6.1 Setting 0 % and 100 % output parameters

As for stepping operation and percentage display, 0% and 100% should be set before using. Some level values have been set when it is out of the factory and set values are shown as below:

Output function	0% value	100% value
Resistance 400Ω	0.00Ω	$400.00~\Omega$
Resistance 3200Ω	0.0 Ω	3200.0 Ω
Pt100	0.0 ℃	500.0 ℃
Pt1000	0.0 ℃	400.0 ℃
Cu50	0.0 ℃	150.0 ℃
Cu100	0.0 ℃	150.0 ℃

The set values may not meet your requirements, so which can be reset. Then you can display the percentage with stepping or slope output as well as display the percentage. Adjust the output value with keys, press or for a long time until the buzzer works to enter into 0% or 100% values. The new defined range value is saved in the calibrator storage automatically and remains effective after restart. The flowing operations are available with the setting:

- Press ▲ 25% or ▼ 25% for manual steeping (increase or decrease) output based on 25% increment.
- Press or loom instantly to make output jump within the range of 0% to 100%.

6.2 Auto Ramping the Output

Auto ramping gives you the ability to continuously apply a varying stimulus from the calibrator to a transmitter, while your hands remain free to test the response of the transmitter. When you press $_$, the calibrator produces a continuously repeating 0 % - 100% - 0% ramp in your choice of three ramp waveforms:

The calibrator will produce a continuous, repeated slope output ranging from 0% - 100% -0%when is pressed. Three slope wave shapes are available for your selection:

- \(\lambda \) 0%-100%-0% 40-second smooth ramp
- **M** 0%-100%-0% 15-second smooth ramp
- 0%-100%-0% 25% stepping ramp. Each step remains 5 seconds.

Exit the slop output function, please press any key.

6.3 Factory Reset

Factory reset consists of the following default setting:

- The working status recovers to the voltage measurement.
- Automatic shutdown time is reset to be 30 min, which is effective.
- LCD backlight brightness is set to be 60%.
- Output range is recovered to be factory default.

Start the calibrator and press RECALL until the buzzer works and the recovery of factory default will enter working mode when the recovery is completed.

7 Power

The calibrator needs 6 disposable LR03 model (size 7) alkaline batteries or 6 R03 model (size 7) nickel-metal hydride batteries (or nickel-cadmium batteries). The longest service life of alkaline batteries can reach 50 hours.

A 12V/1A power adaptor is used for charging and providing working power for the calibrator.

7.1 Charge

When the battery indicator is pointed at \square , the remaining electric quantity is less than 20%. Charge is necessary for normal operation of the calibrator. The LCD backlight will start operation and the ξ will display on the screen when the power adaptor is used. If the battery indicator \square flashes, the calibrator will be in the charging process, after which the battery indicator \square will stop flashing.

The calibrator will stop charge automatically in case of the following circumstances:

- Disposable batteries are used.
- Electric quantity is enough.

8 Specifications

Specifications are based on a one year calibration cycle and apply from $+18^{\circ}$ C to $+28^{\circ}$ C unless stated otherwise. All specifications assume a 10 minute warmup period.

8.1 DC Voltage Measurement

Dange	Maximum	Resolution	Accuracy (% of reading + Count)		
Kange	Range measurement range	Resolution	ETX-1812	ETX-2012	
30V	30V 0V~31V		0.05+2	0.02+2	

⁻¹⁰ $^{\circ}$ C ~18 $^{\circ}$ C, +28 $^{\circ}$ C ~55 $^{\circ}$ C temperature coefficient,±0.005%FS/ $^{\circ}$ C.

Input resistance: $>1M\Omega$.

8.2 Resistance Measurement

			Accuracy (Ω)				
Range Maximum measurement		Resolution	ETX-1812		ETX-2012		
range	2-wire, 3-wire		4-wire	2-wire, 3-wire	4-wire		
400Ω	$0{\sim}440\Omega$	0.01Ω	0.25	0.15	0.15	0.10	
3200Ω	$420\Omega{\sim}3600\Omega$	0.1Ω	1.5	1.0	1.0	0.5	

⁻¹⁰ $^{\circ}$ C ~18 $^{\circ}$ C, +28 $^{\circ}$ C ~55 $^{\circ}$ C temperature coefficient,±0.005%FS/ $^{\circ}$ C.

Exciting current during measurement:

 400Ω : 1.0mA±10%;

3200 Ω : 0.2mA±10%;

Two-wire: Conductor resistance is excluded from errors.

Three-wire: Matching test line should be used. The total resistance of conductor should not be larger than 25Ω .

8.3 Resistance Output

Domas	Maximum	Danalutian	External exciting	Accuracy (Ω)		
Range	output range	Resolution current		ETX-1812	ETX-2012	
400Ω	0~440Ω	0.01Ω	0.4mA~4.0mA	0.25	0.15	
$3200Ω$ $400\sim3600Ω$ $0.1Ω$		0.1Ω	0.1mA∼0.5mA	1.0	0.50	
-10 $^{\circ}$ C ~18 $^{\circ}$ C. +28 $^{\circ}$ C ~55 $^{\circ}$ C temperature coefficient +0.005%FS/ $^{\circ}$ C						

8.4 RTD

			Accuracy (℃)					
Graduation Range	Range	Resolution	ETX-1812			ETX-2012		
		2-wire 3-wire	4-wire	Output	2-wire 3-wire	4-wire	Output	
Pt100	-200℃~ 850℃	0.1℃	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3
Pt1000	-200℃~ 650℃		0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.15	0.15
Cu50	-50°C∼150°C		1.2	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.5
Cu100	-50°C∼150°C		0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.25	0.25

As for exciting current during measurement, please refer to resistance measurement function.

As for allowable external exciting current during output, please refer to resistance output function.

2-wire: Does not include lead resistance.

3-wire: Assumes matched leads with a total resistance not exceeding 25Ω .

9 Product Accessories

9.1 Standard accessories

A set of ETX-2012/ETX-1812 calibrator also includes the following items:

- hard spot test leads (one set)
- alligator clip (one set)
- one 12V/1A power adaptor
- ETX-2012/ETX-1812 user manual



Figure 9.1-1

9.2 Optional Accessories

- 6 R03-model rechargeable batteries
- 1 Metal Box
- Communication line

10 Warning

To avoid possible electric shock or personal injury:

- Test a given voltage to confirm its normal operation before using. Mutual authentication of the upper and lower display data, for instance.
- Please follow all the safety operation procedures.
- Select correct function and range gear according to measurement requirements.
- Confirm that the battery door has been closed before application.
- Remove the test line of calibrator before opening the battery door.
- Check whether damaged or exposed metal exists in the test line and whether the test line has been conducted. Replace the damaged test line before using.
- Fingers should not touch the metal contact when the detector is used. Fingers should be behind the finger-protecting device.
- Connect the common line and then electric test line. As for wire removal, electric
 test line should be first removed.
- Don't use the calibrator in case of abnormal operation. Have the calibrator repaired because it may have been damaged.
- Don't use the calibrator near explosive gases.
- Remove the test line before changing measurement or output function.
- 6 LR03 (7 size) alkaline batteries or R03 nickel-metal hydride batteries (or nickel-cadmium batteries) should be used in the calibrator and the battery should be placed inside the meter housing.
- Replace or charge the battery when the screen displays low pressure of battery, to avoid reading error and possible electric shock or personal injury.
- During measurement and current output, the right slot, function level and range level shall be used.

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